

Edexcel IGCSE Higher Tier Mathematics Paper 3H – May 2014

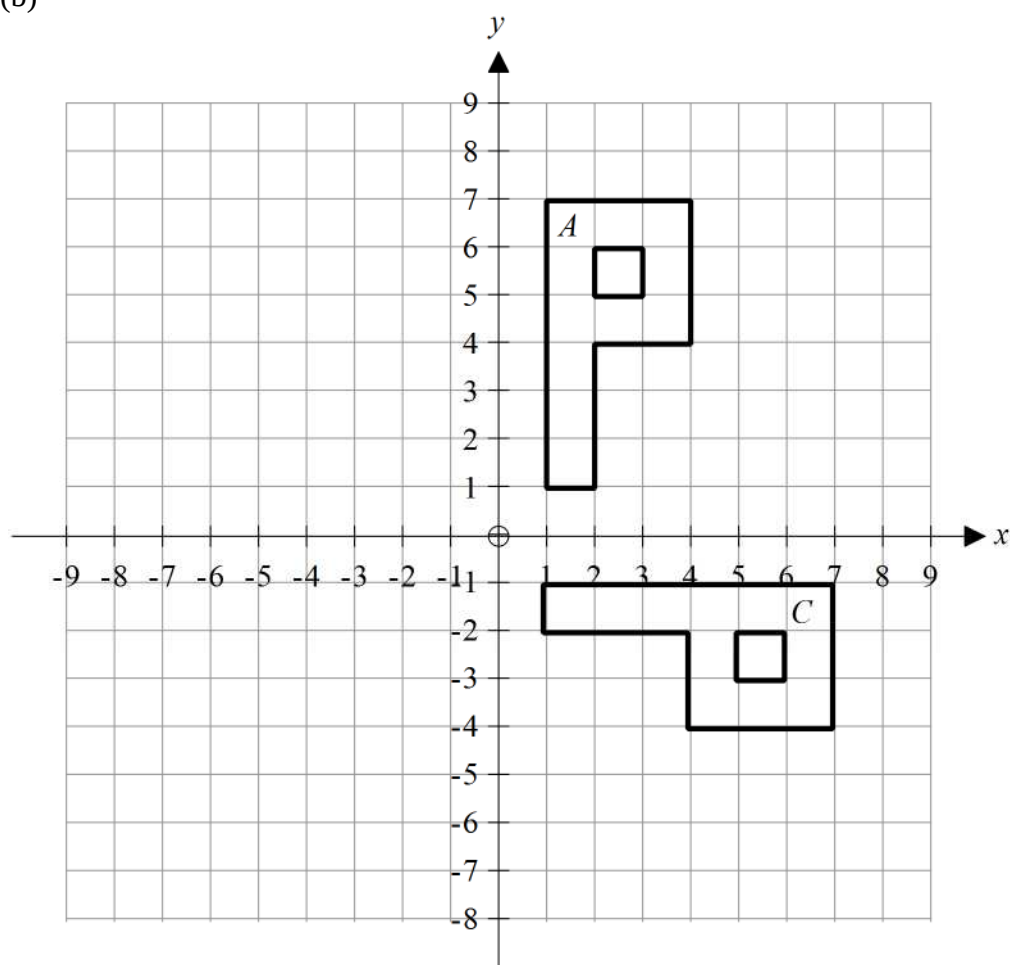
1. (a) $\frac{13.8 \times 6.5}{7 + \sqrt{2}} = 10.66053284$

(b) 10.7 (3 sf)

2. $\frac{4}{9} \div \frac{5}{6} = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{6}{5} = \frac{24}{45} = \frac{8}{15}$

3. (a) Reflection in the line $x = -2$

(b)



4. (a) $8d \times 7d = 56d^2$

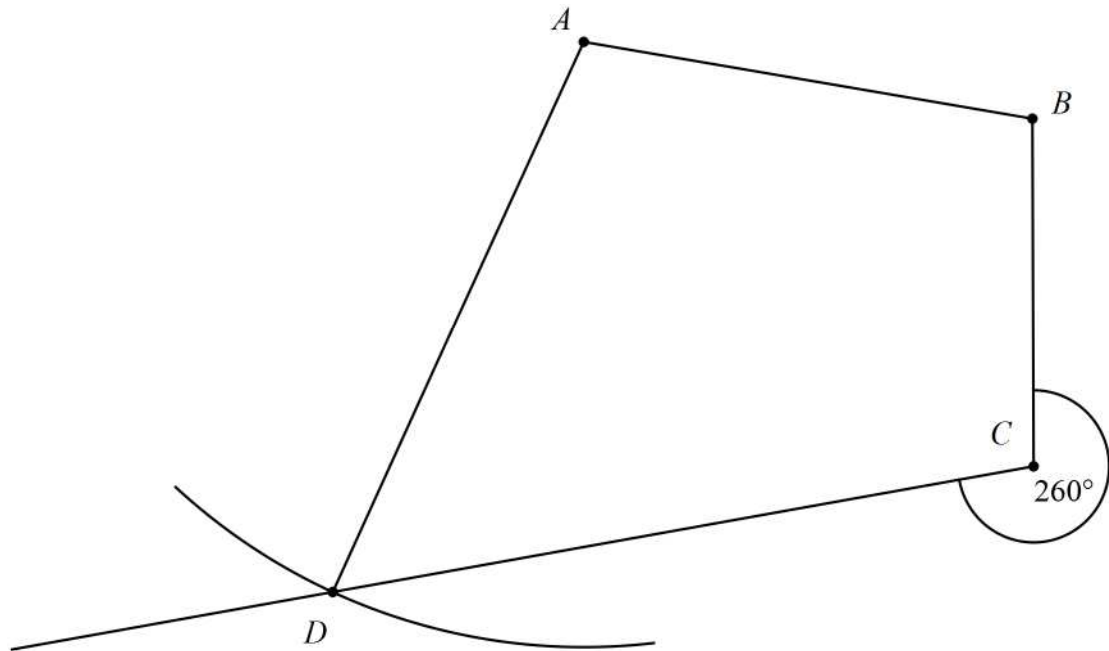
(b) $4(3e - 5) = 12e - 20$

(c) $f^2 - 2f = f(f - 2)$

(d) $H = 2^3 + 6 \times 2 = 8 + 12 = 20$

5. $\frac{PQ}{12.2} = \sin 38^\circ$
 $PQ = 12.2 \sin 38^\circ = 7.51 \text{ (3sf)}$

6.

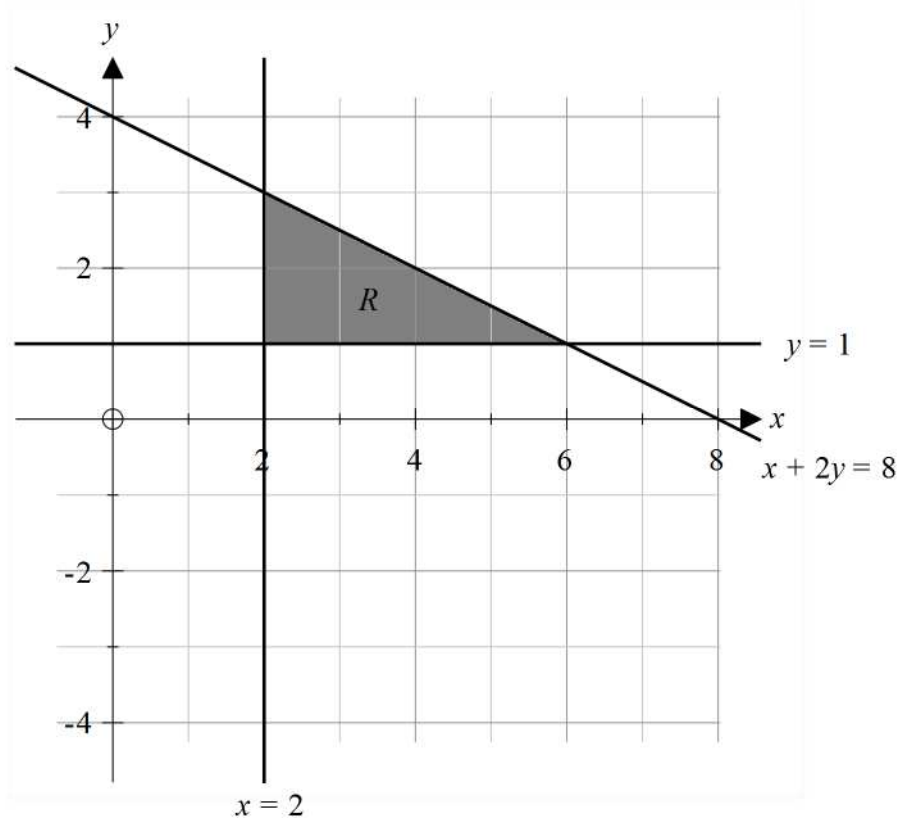


7. (a) (i) $A \cap B = \{p, r, a\}$

(ii) $B \cap C = \{p, a, r, i, s, b, u, d, e, t\}$

(b) $A \cap E = \emptyset$. There are no letters which are in both A and E.

8.



9. Surface area = Front & back + bottom + $2 \times$ slanting sides

$$= 2 \times \frac{10 \times 12}{2} + 8 \times 10 + 2 \times 8 \times 13 = 408 \text{ cm}^2$$

10. Total of first four tests = $4 \times 64 = 256$

Let score required in fifth test = x

$$\frac{256 + x}{5} = 70$$

$$256 = 350$$

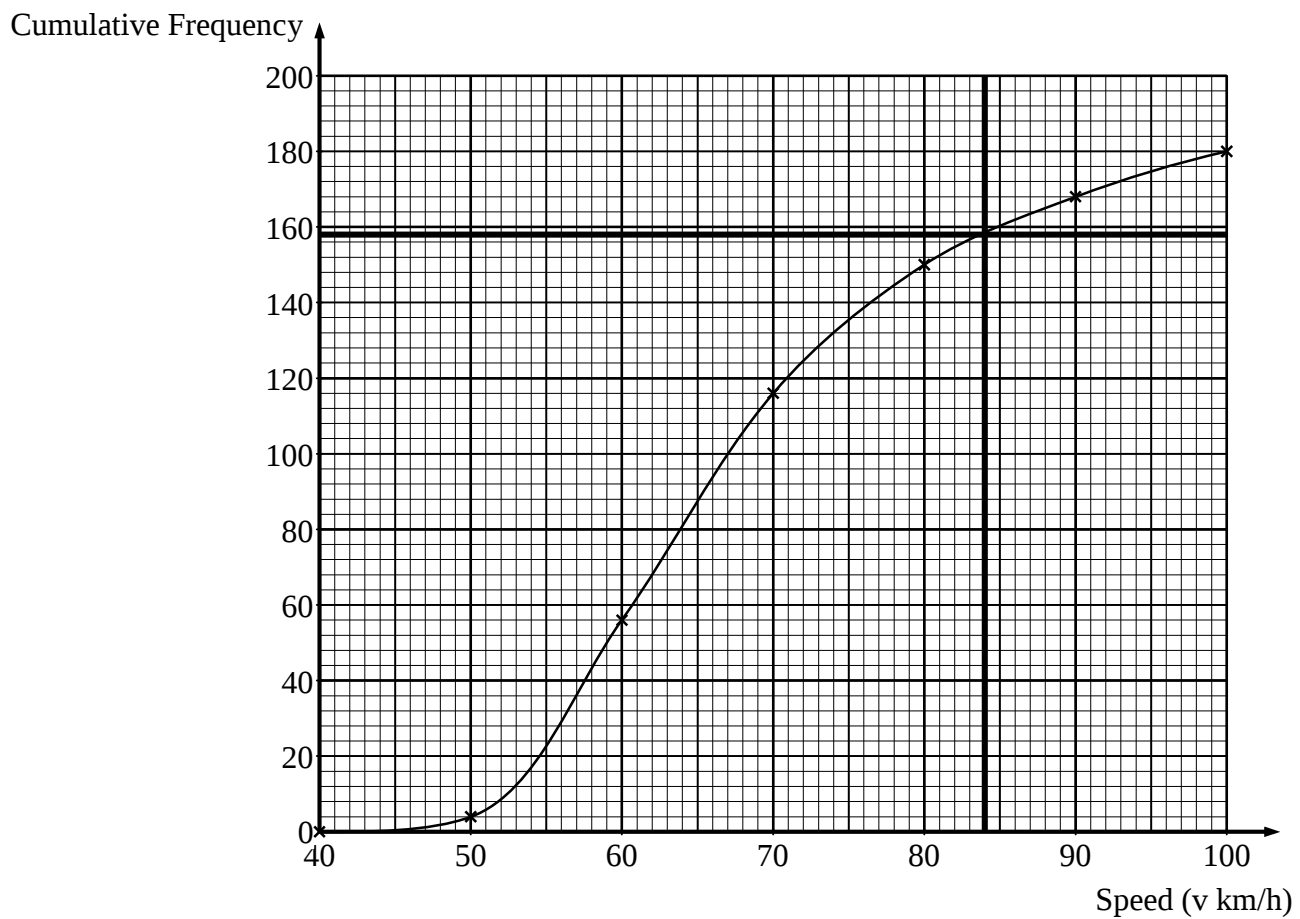
$$x = 94\%$$

11. (a) $60 < v \leq 70$

(b) $\frac{4+52}{180} = \frac{56}{180} = \frac{14}{45} = 0.311 \text{ (3 sf)}$

(c) Cumulative frequencies are 4, 56, 116, 150, 168, 180

(d)



(e) $180 - 158 = 22$

$$\begin{aligned}
 12. \quad (a) \text{ Percentage increase} &= \frac{\text{Change}}{\text{Original}} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{167.4 - 155}{155} \times 100 \\
 &= 8\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad \text{Let original savings} &= \text{£}x \\
 1.045x &= 125.4 \\
 x &= \frac{125.4}{1.045} \\
 x &= 120
 \end{aligned}$$

Saving before increase = £120

$$\begin{aligned}
 13. \quad d &= \sqrt{10^2 + 10^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{200} \\
 \text{Circumference} &= \pi d = \pi \times \sqrt{200} \\
 &= 44.4 \text{ cm (3 sf)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 14. \quad (a) \text{ (i) } 12x + 10y &= 180 \\
 10y &= 180 - 12x \\
 y &= \frac{180}{10} - \frac{12}{10}x \\
 y &= 18 - 1.2x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (ii) \quad A &= 4x \times 2y \\
 &= 8xy \\
 &= 8x(18 - 1.2x) \\
 &= 8x \times 18 - 8x \times 1.2x \\
 &= 144x - 9.6x^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad \frac{dA}{dx} &= 144 - 2 \times 9.6x \\
 &= 144 - 19.2x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (c) \quad \frac{dA}{dx} &= 0 \\
 144 - 19.2x &= 0 \\
 x &= \frac{144}{19.2} = 7.5 \\
 A_{\min} &= 144 \times 7.5 - 9.6 \times 7.5^2 \\
 &= 540 \text{ m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

15. Area of $OFGHIJ = 3^2 \times 4 = 36$

Shaded area $= 36 - 4 = 32 \text{ cm}^2$

16. $x^2 = 4 \times 9$

$x^2 = 36$

$x = 6$

17.

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{2x+1}{x-1}}$$

$$y^2 = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$$

$$y^2(x-1) = 2x+1$$

$$y^2x - y^2 = 2x+1$$

$$y^2x - 2x = y^2 + 1$$

$$x(y^2 - 2) = y^2 + 1$$

$$x = \frac{y^2 + 1}{y^2 - 2}$$

18. $\frac{(k+4)}{2} \times \sqrt{3} = 5\sqrt{6}$

$$k+4 = \frac{2 \times 5\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$k+4 = 10\sqrt{\frac{6}{3}}$$

$$k+4 = 10\sqrt{2}$$

$$k = 10\sqrt{2} - 4$$

19. Upper bound in hours $= \frac{2.85}{4.5}$

Upper bound in minutes $= \frac{2.85}{4.5} \times 60 = 38$

20. (a) $P(5,5) = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{6}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b) } P(5,1) + P(1,5) + P(2,1) + P(1,2) &= \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{2}{8} + \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{2}{8} + \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{3}{8} + \\ &= \frac{28}{72} = \frac{7}{18} = 0.389 \text{ (3 sf)} \end{aligned}$$

$$21. \quad (a) \quad f(1) = \frac{3}{4+1} = \frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

$$(b) \quad x = -4$$

$$(c) \quad 5 + a = 7$$

$$a = 2$$

$$(d) \quad g(1) = 5 + 1 = 6$$

$$fg(1) = f(g(1))$$

$$= f(6)$$

$$= \frac{3}{4+6} = \frac{3}{10} = 0.3$$

$$(e) \quad fg(x) = \frac{3}{4 + (5 + x)}$$

$$= \frac{3}{9 + x}$$

$$22. \quad (a)$$

$$BO = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle BOC = 115^\circ$$

$$\angle OBC = 180 - 115 - 35 = 30^\circ$$

$$\frac{BC}{\sin 115^\circ} = \frac{8}{\sin 35^\circ}$$

$$BC = \frac{8}{\sin 35^\circ} \times \sin 115^\circ$$

$$= 12.64079526$$

$$= 12.6 \text{ cm (3 sf)}$$

$$(b)$$

$$\angle OBC = \angle AOB - \angle OCB \text{ (exterior angle in triangle = sum of interior opposite angles)}$$

$$= 65 - 35 = 30$$

Total area = Area of sector + Area of triangle

$$= \frac{65}{360} \times \pi \times 8^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 12.6407... \times \sin 30^\circ$$

$$= 61.6 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (3 sf)}$$

23.

$$\frac{3}{x+2} + \frac{4}{x-3} = 2$$

$$\frac{3(x-3) + 4(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-3)} = 2$$

$$\frac{3x-9+4x+8}{x^2-3x+2x-6} = 2$$

$$\frac{7x-1}{x^2-x-6} = 2$$

$$7x-1 = 2(x^2-x-6)$$

$$7x-1 = 2x^2-2x-12$$

$$2x^2-9x-11=0$$

$$(2x-11)(x+1)=0$$

$$x = \frac{11}{2} = 5.5$$

$$\text{or } x = -1$$